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An die
Europäische Kommission
Generaldirektion Handel - Direktion H
Büro N105 04/092
B-1049 Buxelles/Brussel
BELGIQUE/BELGIE

Halle/Westfalen, den 23.03.2012

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2012/C 44/07, Bekanntmachung ABI C 44/22 vom 16.02.2012
Antidumpingverfahren betreffend die Einführen von Geschirr und anderen Artikeln aus Keramik für den Tisch- oder Küchengebrauch mit Ursprung in der Volksrepublik China

Dear Ladies and Gentlemen,

due to the complaint of dumped porcelain from PRC to the Union lodged on behalf of EU producers of ceramic tableware and kitchenware we herewith write within the time limit provided by section 5.4 of the Notice of Initiation and send you our third

Response

1. The EU market for ceramic tableware and kitchenware

The EU market for ceramic tableware and kitchenware is not a homogeneous single market.

Prices, quality and brand of products points of sale require to divide the market for the ceramic products concerned (CN codes 6911, 6912) into at least the following three segments

- premium (high quality, high prices)
- medium/low (medium/low quality, medium/low prices)
- special products (such as decorative items, souvenirs, pots, hotel porcelain)

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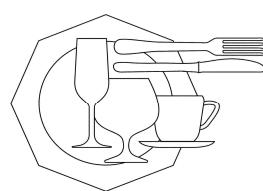
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The major portion of the EU production output is sold on the premium and/or special product markets, whereas Chinese imports are predominantly destined to serve the low price market segment. Chinese imports, therefore, do not directly compete EU production.

There is no Chinese exporting producer who is also doing business as an importer or distributor of products within the European Union. Every single item of the products under investigation, which is exported from China, is, at the same time, imported into the European Union by one or more European importers.

In terms of mere weight, Chinese imports represent a market share of app. 66% of the total market, and the industry connected with, and the number of employments and other sources of income directly depending on, the importation, distribution, logistics and retail sale of these imports represents a far larger 'Community industry' than the EU producers do.

The 'industry of Community importers' is entitled to the same degree of protective treatment by the Community institutions as any other Community industry is.

It is obvious that (additional) duties on Chinese imports would cause substantial harm, not only to a very large number of EU importers who have, over many years, created specific skills to serve the low end market segment, but to an even greater number of consumers as well.

If the EU producers has suffered injury, than it is not a result of Chinese imports but the consequence of their own lack of competitiveness. One of the most important newspaper in Germany – the FAZ Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung - pronounced the former president of the Porcelain Association VKI and former CEO of Rosenthal AG in one person as an overpaid breakfast director (see annex STATEMENT IV ENCL 12), who crashed his factory into the abyss!

They have failed to adapt to the changing market conditions and overlooked the fact that tableware and kitchenware, in particular such made from porcelain, has lost its flair of a luxurious good. It is now a merchandise for every day use, which consumers expect to buy at affordable prices at the same 'regular' locations where they usually buy all the other things they buy to satisfy their daily needs (eg. retailers).

During the market of commercial end users - which is our major field – changed their demand more and more to individual shaped items the factories in Europe standardize their productions to quantity giants of simple styled mass production! Actually the restaurant and catering industry are willing to serve events – not only food. Big oval platter for the fish, small dishes for Finger Food, special bowls for the soup of the day... the unique plate for the menu is extinct. Producer and customer have evolved completely contrary.

In the mutual race to the best technology, the companies have forgotten their customers!

Additional duties on Chinese imports ore any other kind of restrictions cannot not help to resolve ore change the problems of the sick EU producers! To take the members of the BHS Tabletop AG which is Bauscher and Schönwald you can see that innovative factories in the high end level are very, very successful. Their products you'll find in every Chinese 5-star Hotel!

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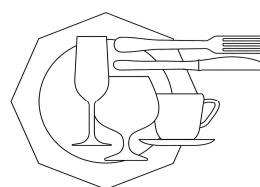
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All it would lead to is that the low end market segment will disappear, thus leaving the consumers with a very unpleasant choice, either to pay more for no discernible additional value, or to do without porcelain dishes in the future.

2. European Union producers

The extent of the official file we were given access to does not disclose the factual basis of the Commission's findings as to the representativeness of the Complaint and the criteria for the selection of the sample of Union producers.

For instance, the list of Romanian producers comprises the names of only three manufacturers, even though there are many more, and three major Romanian producers are not listed there, at all.

The production output of the majority of the Union manufacturers mentioned in Annex B.2.1 of the Complaint is destined to cover the premium segment of the market, whereas the output of Romanian producers, in particular the producers mentioned above, is to cover the low price segment of the retail market.

Romanian manufacturers are able to produce at prices, which are comparable to, if not at times cheaper than, the prices of comparable products originating in China.

According to the Commission's respective Note dated 16 February 2012, no producer located in Romania has been proposed to be in the sample. The sample selected comprises 6 Union producers located in Germany, Italy, Poland, Portugal and the United Kingdom.

The below extracts from the Eurostat database show at which average price per kg producers located in the above countries sold ceramic tableware and kitchenware during the year 2010 (all product types referred to in Chapter F of the Complaint fall within CN code 6911)

CN 6911	EXTRA EUR27	INTRA EUR27	
▪ Germany	€ 9,41	€ 5,65	Enclosure ./01
▪ Italy	€ 7,23	€ 3,71	Enclosure ./02
▪ Poland	€ 3,18	€ 2,56	Enclosure ./03
▪ Portugal	€ 4,78	€ 3,63	Enclosure ./04
▪ United Kingdom	€ 7,79	€ 6,42	Enclosure ./05

whereas Romanian producers were able to sell their products during the same period at

▪ Romania	€ 1,92	€ 1,66	Enclosure ./06
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which is 60% of the cheapest of the countries which have been selected to be in the sample.

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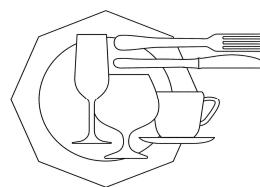
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Producers in Bulgaria and in the Czech Republic are also able to produce at prices, which are not only comparable to, but definitely cheaper than, those paid for imports from China.

According to the Eurostat trade statistics, in 2010 exports were made from

▪ Bulgaria to EXTRA-EUR27	1,352 kt	at	€ 0,74 / kg	Enclosure ./07
▪ Czech Republic to Germany	12,789 kt	at	€ 1,39 / kg	Enclosure ./08

To disregard these producers would result in false and unrealistic conclusions when it comes to determining whether or not the products under investigation are being dumped, or whether or not the injuries the Union producers allege to have suffered are, in fact, the result of dumping, or if these injuries (if any) may have other causes.

In our opinion the Complainants' vague allegation that they are to fear retaliation if their identities became known cannot be sufficient ground to deprive us of our right to be informed of and to verify and to contend the factual statements they already made or will make. It seems as if these producers pursue a strategy of 'picking raisins from more than one cake' by taking advantage of certain business interests they have on the Chinese market, on the one hand, and pursuing to harm the same Chinese market by moving the Community to impose duties on competing products there from, on the other hand.

Also, it seems to us as if there had been EU producers who did, in fact, not wish to participate in the sample, but were 'insistently' asked by the Commission to agree with their inclusion. There is no information whatsoever on the official file indicating which exact questions the EU producers will be asked to answer once they have been selected to be in the sample.

3. Chinese exporting producers

The list of Chinese exporting producers (Annex E.1) supplied by the complaining parties is incomplete and wrong! The given amount of factories shows 39 parties for reference, but 12 of them are only trader without any production – paperwork administrators. This kind of traders are dealing with a lot of different items – porcelain, garden items, metal, household a.s.o. They are mixing different Chinese mainland production's to an own trading assortment, plates from Guangxi Province, mugs from Hunan Province, New Bone China from Hebei Sheng Province and stoneware pizza plates from Henan Sheng Province.

As we told you in the hearing on 16th of March the porcelain business in China is a real insider acknowledge! The European mentality cannot understand the Chinese way. We don't know, if it's the same in other industries but in Porcelain we learn this matter since 1955 – and in 57 years we did not know everything. From year to year we know more and more about Porcelain and the about the people, are making this fantastic goods from sand and claim. The kind of Porcelain, the prices, the quality, the packing, and all other details in this goods are very, very different from Province to Province and different from time to time.

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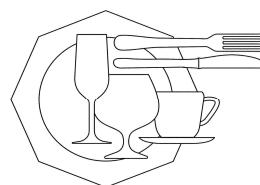
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The commission has to compare China to Europe – from out side a not feasible task. How the Commission copier the labour cots? If Chinese worker is fed up, he go home. After getting hungry, he come back. If the factory has no work, nobody need to work – so no labour costs to pay. This very simple system is completely different to Europe. We have to pay our staff continuously all the year and we have more than 50% different from companies expenditure to the real salary of the employees.

Wash me but don't make me wet... One the one hand we enjoy China to built up there our newest car factories, well sell them toothpaste and hambuger – but we punish them if they can do something better ore cheaper than Europe!

Chinaware is a different product of import from China. Founded and named about 4500 years ago in China and since Marco Polo brought this shining items to Europe we tried to copy China to make white porcelain from sand and means 413 years later we fired the first red kind of low temperature earthenware. 304 years later we object dump their concept.

Apparently, the Commission issued an additional 'Note on a proposed sample of exporting producers from the PRC' on 19 March 2012, and we are surprised that it has not been the Commission who informed us of the issue of this additional Note, even though the Commission has been aware of our existence as an interested party since we made our first filing on 24 February 2012.

The Chinese producers which have been selected to be in the sample are not among those who have returned an Annex A.

The file does not indicate which steps the Commission has taken to select the producers in the sample, nor does it indicate which questions these producers will be asked to answer.

4. European importers

As we already pointed out in our submission of 8 March 2012, the list of unrelated importers (Annex E.2) supplied by the complaining parties is not complete.

There is an estimate of at least 200 unrelated importers of the products under investigation, only 20 of which are mentioned in Annex E.2.

The file does not indicate which steps the Commission has taken to select the importers to be included in the sample, nor does it indicate which questions these importers will be asked to answer.

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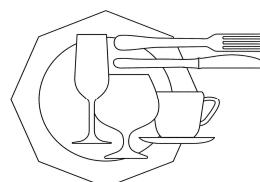
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5. Analogue country

In our complaint against Russia from 23.02.2012 we already pointed out that Russia cannot be seen an appropriate 'market economy third country'.

It is notorious that Russia, as a result of the obvious consolidation of political and economical power in the hands of a very few, accompanied by the exertion of strong influence by politics on economy and vice versa, does not have a functioning market economy as compared with Western standards.

Unlike China, Russia is not an exporter of the products under investigation. On the contrary, as the table on page 3 of Annex F.1.2 of the Complaint clearly shows, exports from Russia dropped to nearly zero in 2010, while imports increased by 50% in terms of weight and almost doubled in terms of value as against the previous year.

To select Russia as a third country would mean to compare two national economies, in which the relevant industries do not play a comparable role, and the said selection therefore is not appropriate to deliver realistic results.

The market situation in Russia is more like it is in Europa, rather than in China. This concerns the market share of the domestic production (30%) as against imports (70%) as well as the prices paid for exports (€ 5,22/kg) as against imports (€ 2,33/kg) in the year 2010 (CN code 6911: tables Annex F.1.2 of the Complaint).

The number of Russian porcelain factories is limited. They produce relatively small quantities of high quality porcelain, which results in relatively high production costs as compared to the Chinese output of multiple quantities of lower quality. The access of Russian producers to raw materials is as different (Russia does not have its own deposits of china clay, the raw material for porcelain) as its production methods are (mechanised production vs. manual production).

The Russian domestic production (similar to the European domestic production) is destined to serve the premium market needs, whereas the Chinese imports cover the low end segment.

Thus, neither the Russian producers nor the products they manufactured can be compared with the producers located in, or the products originating from, China.

Russia, therefore, is not suitable to serve as an analogue third country.

In addition, and as already pointed out by another interested party, the relevant Russian market is protected by non-tariff barriers and thus not open to competition, at least not to a degree which would be required for a market suitable to serve as an analogue third country.

Russia is the biggest gas supplier of the world and their industry is in second place owned by the Government. Energy is one of the most expensive parts of the porcelain production. To compare the energy costs from Russia to China is impossible! We already showed a big amount of facts, that Russia cannot be comparable with China.

We know the European basic regulation needs to compare a third country for comparison but porcelain is very similar to cashmere, caviar, mink ore carnauba wax (lath. Cera Carnauba): Kaolin is a rare natural product and it affects the local industry in a pole position. This kind of commodity-dependent products are not moveable and not comparable!

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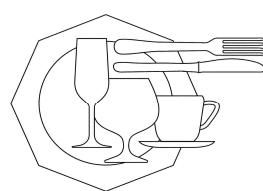
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For this kind of products we need additional solutions in the basic regulation of our Union! If the Commission need to respect the existing – pointless – administration, we repeat our proposal to select Turkey, Thailand or Malaysia to serve as a market economy third country.

6. Normal value and export price

The complaint does not show how normal values and export prices have been computed.

The two tables contained in Annex F.2 refer to the 'average normal value for 2010/2011 in Annex F.1'. The respective tables in Annex F.1, however, are empty and no figures are shown there.

Apparently, the computation of alleged export prices are based on several specific offers and invoices, but none of which is, in fact, attached to the Complaint.

We do have a problem to understand why these calculations are kept a secret, in particular as normal value and export price are the core elements on which any allegation of dumping is to be based. We think that, as part of our right to a fair and non-discriminatory treatment, we are entitled (a) to understand how these figures were computed, (b) to verify the figures, and (c) to respond to the factual aspects on which these computations are based.

Irrespective of whether China as such is to be considered a market economy or not, each of the Chinese producers concerned certainly is a market oriented entrepreneur, and their motive to do business is to make profits, not losses. The mere fact that production in China is cheaper than it is for some of the EU producers is, as such, no ground sufficient to assume that prices for exports from China are dumped.

And irrespective of what is alleged in the Complaint, the information provided by those of the Chinese exporters who have returned an Annex A clearly shows that the prices paid for their products on the domestic market are, by average, equivalent, if not sometimes even lower, than the prices paid for products exported.

It is obvious, therefore, that Chinese export prices are, in fact, not dumped.

7. Alleged injury

The decline of the European ceramic industry began almost 30 years ago and is more the result of a general structural problem, rather than the result of imports from China. The Commission has to note that most of the German porcelain factories bankrupted during the time, Chinas porcelain export to the EU lies under the strict import resolution of the old quota!

The German tableware industry, for instance, decreased in terms of production volumes, total sales and number of employments to less than half of its previous size during the period from 1975 to 2002, even though the European market was protected by import quotas until 2004.

- German tableware / decorative ceramic industry 1975-2002

Enclosure ./09

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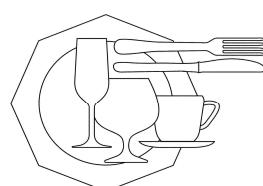
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Some of the EU producers just failed to adapt to changing market conditions. They disregarded the fact that attitudes of consumers have changed and porcelain tableware and kitchenware is, today, seen as a consumer product, and the budgets consumers are prepared to set aside for the purchase of these products are limited.

Instead of reacting appropriately, some of the EU producers prefer to continue to produce for a high end premium market, which is subject to a continuous decrease and will continue to decrease over the next years.

The fact that Chinese imports enjoyed a substantial increase from 75kt in 2002 to 131kt in 2004 (+75%), even though import quotas still existed, and another increase to 362kt in 2005 (+277%), which was partly due to a large number of new member states then joining the European Union in 2004 and partly due to the lifting of import quotas as of 1 January 2005, but decreased to 326kt in 2010 (-11%), just shows that a huge demand for cheaper tableware did exist on the European market, which the EU producers were not willing and/or not capable to satisfy.

- Trade statistics (imports) EUR27 for commodity 6911 (2002 - 2010) **Enclosure ./10**

Since 2005, the quantities of imports from China experienced a similar fluctuation in trade as the EU production did.

The alleged shift of market shares from EU production to imports from China during the five year injury period the Complainants are referring to is not in excess of what is to be considered usual on consumer markets, where decisions to buy are taken more and more on the basis of a comparison of prices, rather than a comparison of quality.

The strict segmentation of the market, and the lack of flexibility of some of the EU producers, can be demonstrated by a comparison of the movement of goods from 'high end' production countries (Germany) and 'low end' production countries (Romania and the Czech Republic), as well as a comparison of the prices paid for these products moved within and to the outside of the European Union as against the average prices paid for imports from China.

The average price paid for all the imports made from China in 2010 was **€ 1,46** per kg.

- Trade statistics (imports) EUR27 for commodity 6911 (2010) **Enclosure ./11**

During the same period (2010), Germany **exported 12.105 tons** to countries outside the European Union at an average price of **€ 9,41** per kg (Enclosure./01)

but **imported**, at the same time, from the Czech Republic **12.789 tons** at a price of **€ 1,39** per kg (Enclosure ./08)

This clearly indicates that some of the EU producers do not actually produce for their local domestic markets, they produce for a premium market segment, wherever this segment may be located, within or outside the European Union, and irrespective of the fact that there is a strong domestic demand for equal quantities of products comparable to those they produce.

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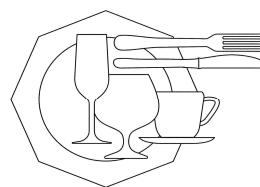
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Also, the fact that there is a considerable number of EU producers which are in a position to offer the products concerned at prices, which are comparable, if not cheaper, to those paid for imports from China, just proves that the injury some of the EU producers allege to have suffered is by no means the result of dumped exports from China, but the result of their own lack of competitiveness.

Apparently, the Community found sufficient grounds to lift the import quotas to which imports from China were subject to until 2005. The question is, are there sufficient grounds to introduce new restrictions now, at a time when imports from China have, in fact, suffered a considerable downturn of more than 11% in quantity over the past years?

The answer is, there are none, but as it often is the case when players on the market lack the flexibility that is needed to cope with a changing environment, instead of restructuring their own business, they prefer to resort to more subtle methods to protect them from competition (Villeroy & Boch/Commission, T-373/10, T-374/10, T-382/10, T-402/10) or try other ways to obstruct their rivals, for instance, by seeking to have import duties imposed on the products of their competitors, as they do in the present case.

8. Conclusion

The conclusion of all this is

- that our "made in China" Holst Porcelain is not completely comparable to the quality manufactured by the European Union industry.
- that the forces of the free market inside the EU work freely and undisturbed!
- dumping from Chinese Porcelain Producers did not exist! They sell the same items in their domestic market in similar price level.
- The presented facts of the claim are inadequate and insufficient
- Russia for comparison will not effect a correct score
- there is no direct threat emanating from Chinese imports, because there is a substantial number of European producers are making a real profitable margin in their range of high end products, which are not in contact to any Chinese export.
- there is no injury of European producers suffered from Chinese imports, because European producers serve different items to different markets which are not in direct competition to the segment the Chinese imports seek to satisfy,
- the introduction of new additional duties on Chinese imports would cause the European importers, and all other businesses involved the distribution of Chinese products, to suffer substantial damage, and which European importers are, as a group, by far a larger 'Community industry' than the European producers are,

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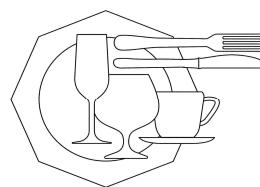
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- the introduction of additional duties on Chinese imports would not help the sick European producers to solve the structural problems, but will lead to the European consumers loosing the opportunity to buy porcelain tableware and kitchenware at affordable prices at convenient locations in their neighbourhood.

It is not the responsibility of the Community institutions to protect an industry on the descent in maintaining a pricing structure, which is not a true reflection of free market forces. Justified grounds to impose additional import duties on imports of products under investigation from China, therefore, do not exist.

At last we want to determine that the damage of any antidumping resolutions will be higher as the alleged protection of the market! The economic and financial damage will substantially hit the EU Union painfully. Gladly we give our opinion in a further brief also.

We understand that we shall be given the opportunity to be heard again and comment on the Commission's findings as soon as the investigation has been completed and before a decision is taken.

Kind regards

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CEO/Geschäftsführer

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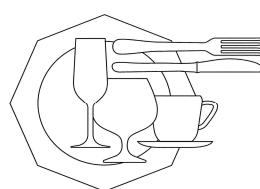
<http://www.holst-porzellan.de>
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Geschäftsführer:
Handelsregister:

Knud Holst
Gütersloh HRB 7115

Steuernummer
Bankverbindung:

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Kreissparkasse Köln
BLZ 370.502.99
Konto 290.564



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Trade Statistics (Exports)

Germany / all Partners (including EU Member States)

For commodity 6911 in Year 2010

6900000000 CERAMIC PRODUCTS

Indicators	Export Value (1000 EURO)	Export Qty (1000 kg)	€ / KG
Reporters	Germany	Germany	
Years	2010	2010	
Partners			
Afghanistan	2,19	0,3	7,30
Albania	71,11	4,3	16,54
Algeria	1,11	0,1	11,10
Andorra	88,75	7,4	11,99
Angola	3,41	0,3	11,37
Antigua and Barbuda	2,17	0,1	21,70
Argentina	122,23	9,7	12,60
Armenia	373,82	14,2	26,33
Aruba	66,75	9,4	7,10
Australia	2654,67	233	11,39
Azerbaijan	1353,72	53,1	25,49
Bahamas	21,77	1,3	16,75
Bahrain	547,23	43,7	12,52
Bangladesh	0,15	0	
Barbados	13,5	0,7	19,29
Belarus	265,14	14,5	18,29
Benin	0,24	0,2	1,20
Bermuda	6,75	0,4	16,88
Bolivia	6,82	0,8	8,53
Bosnia and Herzegovina	32,13	13,7	2,35
Brazil	315,31	19,5	16,17
Brunei Darussalam	0,33	0	
Cambodia	5,39	0,6	8,98
Cameroon	23,91	9,7	2,46
Canada	958,05	112,3	8,53
Cayman Islands	18,73	1	18,73
Central African Republic	0,02	0	
Chad	0,29	0	
Chile	304,55	30	10,15
China ,People's Republi	1728,09	116,5	14,83
Colombia	452,39	50,1	9,03
Congo ,Democratic Rep	0,06	0,2	0,30
Costa Rica	24,74	1,8	13,74
Côte d'Ivoire	42,66	21,6	1,98
Croatia	1013,2	206,4	4,91
Cuba	1,64	0	
Djibouti	34,53	2,6	13,28
Dominican Republic	106,31	11,7	9,09
Ecuador	19,99	1,9	10,52
Egypt	1086,63	200,7	5,41
El Salvador	33,63	3,2	10,51
Eritrea	0,02	0	
Ethiopia	56,68	3	18,89
Faroe Islands	36,69	1,4	26,21
For.JRep.Mac	56,17	4,4	12,77
French Polynesia	47,11	3,7	12,73
Gabon	5,27	0,7	7,53
Gambia	0,31	0,2	1,55
Georgia	270,89	22,3	12,15
Ghana	23,48	8,3	2,83
Guatemala	102,16	11,1	9,20

Guinea	0,31	0	
Holy See	6,51	0,1	65,10
Honduras	0,02	0	
Hong Kong	883,53	54,4	16,24
Iceland	334,05	36,3	9,20
India	1076,93	82,8	13,01
Indonesia	17,45	0,4	43,63
Iran ,Islamic Republic of	1374,37	93,7	14,67
Iraq	224,7	555,6	0,40
Israel	3248,04	592,1	5,49
Jamaica	9,5	0,7	13,57
Japan	7881,72	246,1	32,03
Jordan	440,7	44,8	9,84
Kazakhstan	1150,04	100,2	11,48
Kenya	8,45	2	4,23
Korea ,Democratic Peop	12,7	0,8	15,88
Korea ,Republic of	1865,98	133,3	14,00
Kosovo	58,43	8,7	6,72
Kuwait	707,34	41,5	17,04
Kyrgyzstan	10,45	0,4	26,13
Lebanon	992,02	134,6	7,37
Liberia	2,73	1,9	1,44
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	318,96	22,5	14,18
Liechtenstein	95,75	3,2	29,92
Macao	46,33	4,1	11,30
Malaysia	50,85	3,4	14,96
Maldives	83,58	5,7	14,66
Mali	0,7	0,2	3,50
Mauritania	11,15	8,6	1,30
Mauritius	165,12	10,4	15,88
Melilla	0,4	0	
Mexico	1104,59	142,1	7,77
Moldova ,Republic of	89,3	11,9	7,50
Mongolia	41,24	1,5	27,49
Montenegro	46	9,5	4,84
Morocco	126,19	31	4,07
Mozambique	10,99	1,9	5,78
Namibia	10,4	0,8	13,00
Netherlands Antilles	115,6	13,1	8,82
New Caledonia	8,96	0,6	14,93
New Zealand	108,22	9,9	10,93
Nicaragua	2,1	1,2	1,75
Niger	0,34	0,4	0,85
Nigeria	121,31	9,9	12,25
Norway	5580,17	832	6,71
Oman	164,49	5,5	29,91
Pakistan	16,32	0,3	54,40
Palestinian Territory Oc	0,35	0	
Panama	83,52	6,4	13,05
Paraguay	2,2	0,6	3,67
Peru	189,13	18,8	10,06
Philippines	38,43	3,2	12,01
Qatar	2138,77	91,4	23,40
Russian Federation	11282,13	880,8	12,81
San Marino	2,69	0,1	26,90
Saudi Arabia	2935,07	206,1	14,24
Senegal	8,79	9,1	0,97
Serbia	237,51	18,6	12,77
Seychelles	26,73	2,4	11,14
Sierra Leone	0,47	0,8	0,59
Singapore	509,27	35,8	14,23
South Africa	651,92	60,2	10,83
Sri Lanka	1,08	0,9	1,20

St Vincent and the Gre	36,18	3	12,06
Sudan	12,59	1	12,59
Switzerland	21062,33	2844,6	7,40
Syrian Arab Republic	280,7	34	8,26
Taiwan	4580,82	49,8	91,98
Tajikistan	6,63	0	
Tanzania ,United Repub	1,05	0	
Thailand	177,24	10,8	16,41
Togo	4,31	2	2,16
Trinidad and Tobago	14,43	0,8	18,04
Tunisia	34,1	4,9	6,96
Turkey	2301,58	216,7	10,62
Turkmenistan	1,85	0,2	9,25
Uganda	0,32	0	
Ukraine	1480,72	102,2	14,49
United Arab Emirates	5135,96	319,4	16,08
United States	19214,87	2639,8	7,28
Uruguay	10,15	1,8	5,64
Uzbekistan	155,79	6,7	23,25
Venezuela	241,45	16,3	14,81
Vietnam	17,26	1,6	10,79
Virgin Islands ,British	24,19	0,6	40,32
Yemen	0,08	0	
Zambia	0,11	0	
Stores and provisions w	20,12	1,8	11,18
Total EXTRA-EUR27	113950,81	12105,4	9,41
Member States			
Austria	35773,8	6344,4	5,64
Belgium	7378,56	1206,2	6,12
Bulgaria	545,23	112,8	4,83
Cyprus	490,16	72,4	6,77
Czech Republic	16391,39	4353	3,77
Denmark	2939,14	332,9	8,83
Estonia	464,38	53,4	8,70
Finland	3705,7	408	9,08
France	17796,83	3027,2	5,88
Greece	3090,55	364,1	8,49
Hungary	1416,55	445,7	3,18
Ireland	588,08	72,3	8,13
Italy	26280,73	3198,7	8,22
Latvia	506,89	52	9,75
Lithuania	307,36	39,2	7,84
Luxembourg	3351,22	427,4	7,84
Malta	168,56	12,8	13,17
Netherlands	14037,31	2687,5	5,22
Poland	8141,83	2475,4	3,29
Portugal	879,06	123,9	7,09
Romania	479,79	65,8	7,29
Slovakia	2803,03	1199,8	2,34
Slovenia	1628,57	331,5	4,91
Spain	6871,36	1032,4	6,66
Sweden	7899,83	1038,9	7,60
United Kingdom	9571,62	1224,7	7,82
Total INTRA-EUR27	173507,53	30702,4	5,65

Trade Statistics (Exports)

Italy / all Partners (including EU Member States)

For commodity 6911 in Year 2010

6900000000 CERAMIC PRODUCTS

Indicators	Export Value (1000 EURO)	Export Qty (1000 kg)	€ / KG
Reporters	Italy	Italy	
Years	2010	2010	
Partners			
Albania	358,48	143,2	2,50
Algeria	68,77	27,3	2,52
Angola	21,74	5,1	4,26
Argentina	16,91	2,4	7,05
Armenia	32,73	2,9	11,29
Australia	498,76	85	5,87
Azerbaijan	706,15	11,7	60,35
Bahamas	4	0,6	6,67
Bahrain	24,32	2,9	8,39
Bangladesh	1,5	0,8	1,88
Belarus	53,72	3,7	14,52
Benin	2,5	0,1	25,00
Bosnia and Herzegovin	413,86	118	3,51
Brazil	202,84	22,3	9,10
Burkina Faso	8,7	0,9	9,67
Cambodia	8	1,2	6,67
Canada	206,25	23,8	8,67
Chile	38,33	5,9	6,50
China ,People's Republi	382,52	27,1	14,12
Colombia	23,43	2,6	9,01
Congo	13,4	0,6	22,33
Costa Rica	12,85	2	6,43
Côte d'Ivoire	1,31	0,1	13,10
Croatia	1184,04	328,9	3,60
Cuba	722,16	111,2	6,49
Djibouti	7,7	0,5	15,40
Dominican Republic	39,39	7,8	5,05
Ecuador	1,49	0,2	7,45
Egypt	203,54	27,8	7,32
Equatorial Guinea	4,11	0,2	20,55
Ethiopia	10,47	2,5	4,19
For.JRep.Mac	41,12	10,8	3,81
Gabon	7,91	4,5	1,76
Georgia	66,34	8,1	8,19
Ghana	78,71	9,5	8,29
Guatemala	20,82	2,5	8,33
Honduras	6,15	0,9	6,83
Hong Kong	275,46	10,6	25,99
Iceland	13,87	3,1	4,47
India	231,42	37,6	6,15
Indonesia	32,43	6,1	5,32
Iran ,Islamic Republic o	517,59	274,2	1,89
Iraq	46,19	0,1	461,90
Israel	96,1	20,9	4,60
Japan	4985,59	300,6	16,59
Jordan	61,76	5,5	11,23
Kazakhstan	487,58	33,5	14,55
Kenya	7,11	0,7	10,16
Korea ,Republic of	549,19	70,7	7,77
Kosovo	14,68	6,8	2,16
Kuwait	336,84	19,3	17,45
Lebanon	201,74	19,9	10,14
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	137,48	42,5	3,23
Malaysia	29,55	2,4	12,31
Maldives	12,64	0,8	15,80
Mauritius	27,73	3	9,24
Mayotte	2,47	1,6	1,54

Mexico	141,62	18,4	7,70
Moldova ,Republic of	27	1,2	22,50
Montenegro	306,9	77,6	3,95
Morocco	53,39	14	3,81
Nepal	1,2	0,3	4,00
New Zealand	373,07	75,2	4,96
Nigeria	23,42	1,6	14,64
Norway	117,75	16,1	7,31
Oman	15,14	0,3	50,47
Panama	9,12	2,8	3,26
Peru	3,38	0,1	33,80
Philippines	14,5	1,3	11,15
Qatar	33,01	3,3	10,00
Russian Federation	4064,4	290	14,02
Saudi Arabia	249,66	15,9	15,70
Senegal	2,52	2	1,26
Serbia	335,16	93,7	3,58
Seychelles	1,76	0,4	4,40
Singapore	160,87	28,9	5,57
South Africa	266,12	35,1	7,58
Switzerland	2725,75	524,9	5,19
Syrian Arab Republic	47,67	2,6	18,33
Taiwan	139,23	6,5	21,42
Tanzania ,United Reput	1,21	0,1	12,10
Thailand	14,2	1,7	8,35
Tunisia	477,61	132,2	3,61
Turkey	399,71	45,3	8,82
Turkmenistan	9,4	0,2	47,00
Turks and Caicos Island	12,88	0,6	21,47
Uganda	7,78	5,4	1,44
Ukraine	546,17	82,2	6,64
United Arab Emirates	1013,01	100,4	10,09
United States	2674,75	398,2	6,72
Uruguay	62,15	10,9	5,70
Uzbekistan	8,93	0,8	11,16
Venezuela	104,04	15,8	6,58
Vietnam	28,94	4,7	6,16
Countries and territories	7,2	0,2	36,00
Total EXTRA-EUR27	28043,06	3876,4	7,23
Member States			
Austria	1732,08	449,5	3,85
Belgium	1182,44	271,3	4,36
Bulgaria	414,06	96	4,31
Cyprus	178,49	39,4	4,53
Czech Republic	529,11	109,8	4,82
Denmark	365,45	57,8	6,32
Estonia	180,92	28	6,46
Finland	108,03	22,7	4,76
France	7721,94	2292,4	3,37
Germany	5074,27	1458,1	3,48
Greece	1310,8	464,1	2,82
Hungary	423,34	228,1	1,86
Ireland	151,95	100,4	1,51
Latvia	565,65	160,7	3,52
Lithuania	191,9	29,6	6,48
Luxembourg	317,61	45,6	6,97
Malta	279,43	55,7	5,02
Netherlands	1286,03	263,5	4,88
Poland	461,14	79,6	5,79
Portugal	421,35	68,3	6,17
Romania	1047,19	205,8	5,09
Slovakia	187,24	33,7	5,56
Slovenia	913,34	265,5	3,44
Spain	2623,43	786,4	3,34
Sweden	217,46	41,8	5,20
United Kingdom	2197,61	452,4	4,86
Total INTRA-EUR27	30082,26	8106,2	3,71

Trade Statistics (Exports)

Poland / all Partners (including EU Member States)

For commodity 6911 in Year 2010

6900000000 CERAMIC PRODUCTS

Indicators	Export Value (1000 EURO)	Export Qty (1000 kg)	€ / KG
Reporters	Poland	Poland	
Years	2010	2010	
Partners			
Argentina	0,15	0	
Azerbaijan	15,21	1,2	12,68
Belarus	118,73	34,5	3,44
Bosnia and Herzegovina	67,84	19,4	3,50
Brazil	46,13	9,9	4,66
Canada	108,44	39	2,78
Chile	33,86	5,8	5,84
China ,People's Republic of	0,81	0,1	8,10
Colombia	33,42	9,1	3,67
Croatia	11,73	4,8	2,44
Egypt	2534,94	666,6	3,80
Faroe Islands	2,54	0,2	12,70
For.JRep.Mac	9,91	2,1	4,72
Gambia	31,69	6,7	4,73
Iceland	9,66	3,2	3,02
India	1,38	0,1	13,80
Indonesia	0,11	0	
Iran ,Islamic Republic of	0,26	0	
Israel	117,81	40,7	2,89
Jamaica	17,42	3	5,81
Japan	53,35	3,6	14,82
Jordan	2,08	0,3	6,93
Kazakhstan	70,58	13,7	5,15
Kuwait	8,51	0,2	42,55
Kyrgyzstan	4,58	1,7	2,69
Lebanon	77,03	18,9	4,08
Mexico	264,39	139,7	1,89
Moldova ,Republic of	140	39,1	3,58
Montenegro	2	0,9	2,22
Morocco	1,92	0,5	3,84
Nigeria	0,04	0	
Norway	355,43	90,9	3,91
Panama	79,03	24,1	3,28
Peru	9,96	1,8	5,53
Philippines	0,27	0	
Russian Federation	2243,15	863,9	2,60
San Marino	267,81	62	4,32
Saudi Arabia	1,54	0	
Serbia	3,89	2	1,95
South Africa	0,27	0	
Switzerland	1020,55	286,2	3,57
Syrian Arab Republic	0,28	0	
Thailand	0,78	0	
Togo	0,05	0	
Turkey	1923,79	580,7	3,31
Ukraine	878,54	299,8	2,93

SOURCE:

http://exportheelp.europa.eu/thdapp/index_en.html

21.03.2012

ARTE VIVA GmbH, Michael Freiwirth

Trade Statistics (Exports)

Poland / all Partners (including EU Member States)

For commodity 6911 in Year 2010

6900000000 CERAMIC PRODUCTS

Indicators	Export Value (1000 EURO)	Export Qty (1000 kg)	€ / KG
Reporters	Poland	Poland	
Years	2010	2010	
United Arab Emirates	39,92	5,7	7,00
United States	1079,79	396,1	2,73
Uzbekistan	0,11	0	
Vietnam	1,37	0,7	1,96
Countries and territorie	1,93	0	
Stores and provisions w	2,8	0,1	28,00
Total EXTRA-EUR27	11697,78	3679	3,18
Member States			
Austria	312,84	80,5	3,89
Belgium	1117,88	508	2,20
Bulgaria	31,58	7,2	4,39
Cyprus	133,57	53,1	2,52
Czech Republic	1091,94	334,9	3,26
Denmark	483,87	205,3	2,36
Estonia	743,5	167,9	4,43
Finland	557,75	180,7	3,09
France	3448,85	1557,5	2,21
Germany	10126,42	3993,8	2,54
Greece	1025,7	401,4	2,56
Hungary	510,99	244	2,09
Ireland	3,74	0,5	7,48
Italy	7474,78	3101,6	2,41
Latvia	151,26	36,6	4,13
Lithuania	340,34	90,5	3,76
Luxembourg	2,24	0,3	7,47
Malta	27,71	12,5	2,22
Netherlands	2498,16	1091,7	2,29
Portugal	110,83	89	1,25
Romania	115	29,9	3,85
Slovakia	771,07	154,2	5,00
Slovenia	147,12	36,7	4,01
Spain	1516,38	656,3	2,31
Sweden	2105,25	605,8	3,48
United Kingdom	800,22	265,9	3,01
Total INTRA-EUR27	35648,99	13905,8	2,56

SOURCE:http://exportheelp.europa.eu/thdapp/index_en.html

21.03.2012

ARTE VIVA GmbH, Michael Freiwirth

Trade Statistics (Exports)
 Portugal / all Partners (including EU Member States)
 For commodity 6911 in Year 2010

6900000000 CERAMIC PRODUCTS

Indicators	Export Value (1000 EURO)	Export Qty (1000 kg)	€ / KG
Reporters	Portugal	Portugal	
Years	2010	2010	
Partners			
Andorra	5,65	1,5	3,77
Angola	1486,98	370	4,02
Australia	106,18	30,8	3,45
Bahamas	1,84	0,1	18,40
Bahrain	4,69	0,3	15,63
Brazil	822,6	120,7	6,82
Canada	357,42	105,6	3,38
Cape Verde	53,52	17,2	3,11
Central African Republic	0,33	0,7	0,47
Chile	204,08	69,4	2,94
China ,People's Republic	38,66	7,8	4,96
Christmas Island	0,02	0	
Colombia	10,53	1,9	5,54
Congo	22,04	9,3	2,37
Costa Rica	5,16	0,4	12,90
Côte d'Ivoire	29,53	4,5	6,56
Croatia	6,39	1,1	5,81
Cuba	0,01	0	
Dominican Republic	0,79	0,1	7,90
Egypt	9,35	2,6	3,60
El Salvador	6,73	0,5	13,46
Equatorial Guinea	0,52	0	
Guinea	0,85	0	
Guinea-Bissau	2,96	1,1	2,69
Hong Kong	15,11	1	15,11
Iceland	2,1	1,1	1,91
India	124,74	3,2	38,98
Israel	14,57	25,4	0,57
Japan	58,38	10,7	5,46
Korea ,Republic of	63,92	10,4	6,15
Kuwait	37,43	3,2	11,70
Lebanon	89,38	9,3	9,61
Macao	15,31	2,7	5,67
Mali	0,23	0	
Mexico	242,66	47	5,16
Moldova ,Republic of	0,27	0	
Morocco	62,35	31,3	1,99
Mozambique	63,78	22	2,90
Norway	174,83	20,2	8,65
Peru	7,48	1,3	5,75
Qatar	4,98	0,2	24,90
Russian Federation	73,69	15,5	4,75
São Tomé and Príncipe	16,74	5,7	2,94
Saudi Arabia	21,21	1	21,21
Senegal	0,45	2,1	0,21
Serbia	15,07	4,5	3,35
Singapore	4,77	0,5	9,54
South Africa	81,07	20,4	3,97

Switzerland	1054,13	277,4	3,80
Syrian Arab Republic	5,02	0,1	50,20
Taiwan	1	0,1	10,00
Turkey	112,89	31	3,64
Ukraine	26,88	5,2	5,17
United Arab Emirates	134,17	12,3	10,91
United States	2657,29	449,5	5,91
Venezuela	0,16	0	
Virgin Islands ,British	106,17	13,5	7,86
Stores and provisions w	14,85	1,7	8,74
Total EXTRA-EUR27	8479,91	1775,1	4,78
Member States			
Austria	46,86	9	5,21
Belgium	452,08	110,8	4,08
Bulgaria	126,16	12,8	9,86
Cyprus	43,84	5,7	7,69
Czech Republic	168,67	25	6,75
Denmark	659,41	139,6	4,72
Estonia	15,77	3,1	5,09
Finland	98,1	45,2	2,17
France	2892,29	975,9	2,96
Germany	1056,08	393,6	2,68
Greece	500,55	92,8	5,39
Hungary	65,3	16,9	3,86
Ireland	52,81	12,1	4,36
Italy	3196,74	1131,5	2,83
Latvia	3,42	24,6	0,14
Luxembourg	10,32	2,2	4,69
Malta	20,16	1,6	12,60
Netherlands	1423,65	265,8	5,36
Poland	22,87	4,6	4,97
Romania	0,56	0	
Slovakia	28,94	8,6	3,37
Slovenia	1,77	0,1	17,70
Spain	14244,97	3642,2	3,91
Sweden	128,67	35,1	3,67
United Kingdom	2842,6	783,8	3,63
Total INTRA-EUR27	28102,59	7742,6	3,63

Trade Statistics (Exports)

United Kingdom / all Partners (including EU Member States)

For commodity 6911 in Year 2010

6900000000 CERAMIC PRODUCTS

Indicators	Export Value (1000 EURO)	Export Qty (1000 kg)	€ / KG
Reporters	United Kingdom	United Kingdom	
Years	2010	2010	
Partners			
Andorra	3,71	0,1	37,10
Angola	1,09	0	
Antigua and Barbuda	45,58	7,1	6,42
Argentina	6,25	0,3	20,83
Armenia	16,6	1,1	15,09
Aruba	1,71	0,1	17,10
Australia	1878,49	251,4	7,47
Azerbaijan	79,6	0,8	99,50
Bahamas	14,53	0,5	29,06
Bahrain	174,6	11,9	14,67
Barbados	119,36	28,5	4,19
Belarus	12,17	1,7	7,16
Bermuda	26,27	3,2	8,21
Bhutan	3,19	0,2	15,95
Botswana	0,83	0	
Brazil	79,03	7,7	10,26
Brunei Darussalam	29,89	5,9	5,07
Canada	1466,63	199,1	7,37
Cayman Islands	8,83	0,3	29,43
Chile	35,99	4,2	8,57
China ,People's Republi	1582,27	87,7	18,04
Colombia	12,7	1,4	9,07
Costa Rica	1,06	0,6	1,77
Croatia	56,74	10,1	5,62
Cuba	3,24	0,3	10,80
Dominican Republic	3,62	0	
Ecuador	7,45	0,7	10,64
Egypt	67,91	6,8	9,99
El Salvador	2,46	0	
Equatorial Guinea	61,78	3,5	17,65
Ethiopia	10,67	0,5	21,34
Falkland Islands	34,89	1,6	21,81
Faroe Islands	1,83	1,2	1,53
For.JRep.Mac	2,04	0,1	20,40
Gambia	7,4	0,7	10,57
Ghana	167,86	28,8	5,83
Gibraltar	55,23	2,9	19,04
Grenada	7,5	0,6	12,50
Guatemala	8,09	0,8	10,11
Guinea	2,42	5,9	0,41
Guyana	1,37	0	
Hong Kong	964,63	52,8	18,27
Iceland	91,37	23,9	3,82
India	332,15	217,1	1,53
Indonesia	249,65	69,6	3,59

Iran ,Islamic Republic of	31,27	2,4	13,03
Iraq	23,19	23,4	0,99
Israel	465,56	88,9	5,24
Jamaica	12,06	2,9	4,16
Japan	7583,34	376,1	20,16
Jordan	136,28	11,2	12,17
Kazakhstan	18,05	1,2	15,04
Kenya	92,17	11,4	8,09
Korea ,Republic of	1024,98	67,5	15,18
Kuwait	246,62	24,5	10,07
Lebanon	167,97	20,7	8,11
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	8,69	2,2	3,95
Macao	37,43	0,2	187,15
Malaysia	145,19	7,1	20,45
Maldives	35,08	3,4	10,32
Mauritius	37,83	5,8	6,52
Mexico	27,47	2,5	10,99
Moldova ,Republic of	9,53	0,8	11,91
Montenegro	7,26	0,1	72,60
Morocco	8,78	15,3	0,57
Mozambique	15,78	1,9	8,31
Netherlands Antilles	69,2	0,4	173,00
New Caledonia	1,51	0,1	15,10
New Zealand	292,54	29,9	9,78
Niger	14,25	0,1	142,50
Nigeria	340,19	64,7	5,26
Northern Mariana Islan	3,65	0,4	9,13
Norway	3929,25	346,9	11,33
Oman	784,07	9,3	84,31
Pakistan	15,62	1,2	13,02
Peru	65	1,8	36,11
Philippines	72,6	11,8	6,15
Qatar	324,53	10,5	30,91
Russian Federation	1298,89	210,4	6,17
Saudi Arabia	507,06	19,9	25,48
Serbia	65,75	12,8	5,14
Seychelles	5,65	0,3	18,83
Singapore	861,3	59,4	14,50
South Africa	463,37	82,3	5,63
Sri Lanka	9,19	0,1	91,90
St Lucia	16,01	0,9	17,79
Sudan	16,08	1,1	14,62
Suriname	4,85	0,3	16,17
Switzerland	834,34	56,2	14,85
Syrian Arab Republic	13,48	1,2	11,23
Taiwan	1018,31	39,9	25,52
Tanzania ,United Repub	17,55	2,9	6,05
Thailand	59,96	11,8	5,08
Trinidad and Tobago	25,63	1,6	16,02
Tunisia	0,83	0,1	8,30
Turkey	1025,53	136,6	7,51
Uganda	74,13	2,8	26,48
Ukraine	151,32	7,6	19,91
United Arab Emirates	1401,16	152,6	9,18
United States	18994,04	3517,5	5,40
Uruguay	19,77	1,9	10,41
Uzbekistan	15,02	0,1	150,20
Vietnam	6,71	0,4	16,78
Virgin Islands ,United St	2,63	0	

Total EXTRA-EUR27	50696,18	6509	7,79
Member States			
Austria	678,76	105,9	6,41
Belgium	434,79	61,5	7,07
Bulgaria	114,78	30,3	3,79
Cyprus	351,88	67,7	5,20
Czech Republic	348,97	39	8,95
Denmark	651,34	101,8	6,40
Estonia	204,56	24,7	8,28
Finland	1042,24	179,2	5,82
France	3941,14	485,3	8,12
Germany	5287,58	607,9	8,70
Greece	705,33	79,9	8,83
Hungary	81,86	20,9	3,92
Ireland	10510,1	2486,4	4,23
Italy	5854,46	477,5	12,26
Latvia	149,85	18	8,33
Lithuania	116,31	19,2	6,06
Luxembourg	718,88	22,6	31,81
Malta	388,09	65,5	5,93
Netherlands	2973,57	381,7	7,79
Poland	727,95	120,4	6,05
Portugal	241,36	58,1	4,15
Romania	41,77	6,5	6,43
Slovakia	35,53	5,9	6,02
Slovenia	94,33	14,3	6,60
Spain	3167,25	564,9	5,61
Sweden	833,34	134,4	6,20
Total INTRA-EUR27	39696,02	6179,5	6,42

Trade Statistics (Exports)
 Romania / all Partners (including EU Member States)
 For commodity 6911 in Year 2010

69000000000 CERAMIC PRODUCTS

Indicators	Export Value (1000 EURO)	Export Qty (1000 kg)	€ /KG
Reporters	Romania	Romania	
Years	2010	2010	
Partners			
Albania	2,47	0,6	4,12
Australia	0,1	0,1	1,00
Brazil	7,12	0,4	17,80
Canada	0,53	0,2	2,65
For.JRep.Mac	15,34	4,2	3,65
Georgia	0,58	0	
India	0,01	0	
Japan	0,43	0	
Kosovo	0,03	0	
Mexico	141,95	77	1,84
Moldova ,Republic of	665,58	315,8	2,11
Norway	14,74	5,4	2,73
Russian Federation	237,25	155,4	1,53
Serbia	91,65	60	1,53
Switzerland	13,13	5,3	2,48
Turkey	69,84	34,1	2,05
United Arab Emirates	0,11	0	
Countries and territories nc	1,67	0	
Total EXTRA-EUR27	1262,53	658,5	1,92
Member States			
Austria	118,2	80,6	1,47
Belgium	223,26	144,9	1,54
Bulgaria	98,08	32,3	3,04
Cyprus	50,26	24,8	2,03
Czech Republic	4,2	1,9	2,21
Denmark	30,23	5,7	5,30
Estonia	36,24	1,6	22,65
Finland	88,24	27,8	3,17
France	644,65	357,9	1,80
Germany	1734,9	1100,6	1,58
Greece	675,61	411,4	1,64
Hungary	399,86	187,9	2,13
Italy	828,55	412,3	2,01
Lithuania	52,81	19,3	2,74
Netherlands	80,26	19,6	4,09
Poland	254,64	182,8	1,39
Slovakia	3,77	1,7	2,22
Spain	1005,64	642,3	1,57
Sweden	620,16	486,5	1,27
United Kingdom	518,58	353,5	1,47
Total INTRA-EUR27	7468,14	4495,4	1,66

Trade Statistics (Exports)
 Bulgaria / all Partners (including EU Member States)
 For commodity 6911 in Year 2010

6900000000 CERAMIC PRODUCTS

Indicators	Export Value (1000 EURO)	Export Qty (1000 kg)	€ / KG
Reporters	Bulgaria	Bulgaria	
Years	2010	2010	
Partners			
Afghanistan	7,59	2,3	3,30
Albania	0,19	0	
Armenia	5,07	4	1,27
Australia	2,11	0,2	10,55
Canada	32,28	10,6	3,05
For.JRep.Mac	3,24	0,4	8,10
Japan	0,66	0	
Kazakhstan	9,04	5,2	1,74
Korea ,Democratic Peoþ	1,7	0,2	8,50
Moldova ,Republic of	0,91	2,5	0,36
Russian Federation	0,12	0	
Serbia	48,16	46	1,05
South Africa	0,11	0	
Turkey	893,01	1281,3	0,70
Total EXTRA-EUR27	1004,19	1352,7	0,74
Member States			
Cyprus	0,33	0,1	3,30
Greece	1,44	0,3	4,80
Romania	2,75	0,6	4,58
Spain	25,33	8,7	2,91
United Kingdom	0,69	0,4	1,73
Total INTRA-EUR27	30,54	10,1	3,02

Trade Statistics (Exports)
 Czech Republic / all Partners (including EU Member States)
 For commodity 6911 in Year 2010

6900000000 CERAMIC PRODUCTS

Indicators	Export Value (1000 EURO)	Export Qty (1000 kg)	€ / KG
Reporters	Czech Republic	Czech Republic	
Years	2010	2010	
Partners			
Albania	0,01	0	
Algeria	0,03	0	
Angola	9,81	1,7	5,77
Armenia	349,65	52,7	6,63
Australia	2,91	0	
Azerbaijan	2493,16	130,1	19,16
Bahrain	3,38	0,3	11,27
Belarus	140,47	73,2	1,92
Bolivia	61,82	11,7	5,28
Bosnia and Herzegovina	181,24	35,6	5,09
Brazil	3,96	0	
Cameroon	3,38	3,9	0,87
Canada	97,25	21,2	4,59
China ,People's Republic	7,93	0,2	39,65
Colombia	0,29	0	
Croatia	211,87	55,5	3,82
Cuba	0,06	0,1	0,60
Egypt	322,67	94,1	3,43
For.JRep.Mac	10,85	1,4	7,75
Georgia	30,17	17,3	1,74
Honduras	0,23	0	
Hong Kong	1,14	0	
Iceland	86,2	14,9	5,79
India	1,3	0,1	13,00
Iran ,Islamic Republic of	39,47	0,7	56,39
Israel	43,12	8,7	4,96
Japan	158,5	15,2	10,43
Jordan	0,06	0	
Kazakhstan	518,64	76,7	6,76
Korea ,Republic of	770,62	62,7	12,29
Kuwait	18,73	0,1	187,30
Kyrgyzstan	23,25	3,2	7,27
Lebanon	42,24	8,8	4,80
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	3534,9	36,3	97,38
Mexico	120,7	31,6	3,82
Moldova ,Republic of	204,57	34,9	5,86
Mongolia	55,87	4,5	12,42
Montenegro	40,6	9,7	4,19
Morocco	76,84	11,2	6,86
Nigeria	19,15	11,4	1,68
Norway	776,87	202,8	3,83
Panama	43,56	8,6	5,07

Russian Federation	12336,36	2223,9	5,55
San Marino	66,43	18,9	3,51
Saudi Arabia	5,09	0,3	16,97
Senegal	0,85	0,8	1,06
Serbia	96	15,6	6,15
Singapore	0,04	0	
Switzerland	2423,7	342,2	7,08
Syrian Arab Republic	0,03	0	
Taiwan	12,17	0,1	121,70
Tajikistan	1,79	0	
Thailand	2,02	0,1	20,20
Trinidad and Tobago	0,02	0	
Turkey	12,39	1	12,39
Ukraine	316,2	64,2	4,93
United Arab Emirates	107,04	22	4,87
United States	17800,53	603,3	29,51
Uzbekistan	15,56	7,2	2,16
Vietnam	156,42	8,9	17,58
Virgin Islands ,British	1486,92	98,5	15,10
Total EXTRA-EUR27	45347,03	4448,1	10,19
Member States			
Austria	1996,34	457,7	4,36
Belgium	99,91	45,4	2,20
Bulgaria	72,9	15,6	4,67
Cyprus	32,7	6,4	5,11
Denmark	474,76	166,4	2,85
Estonia	84,3	15,3	5,51
Finland	24,86	6,3	3,95
France	883,28	309,1	2,86
Germany	17826,34	12789,1	1,39
Greece	249,84	57,4	4,35
Hungary	476,04	155,3	3,07
Ireland	2,28	0,3	7,60
Italy	1494,85	386,9	3,86
Latvia	16,89	3,5	4,83
Lithuania	77,64	17,3	4,49
Luxembourg	0,04	0	
Netherlands	242,01	45,6	5,31
Poland	303,11	98,5	3,08
Portugal	113,7	32,6	3,49
Romania	73,13	26,3	2,78
Slovakia	4339,57	1100,2	3,94
Slovenia	341,67	103	3,32
Spain	906,36	307,3	2,95
Sweden	1069,92	182	5,88
United Kingdom	179,02	51,8	3,46
Total INTRA-EUR27	31381,46	16379,3	1,92

Entwicklung der Geschirr- und Zierkeramik-Industrie in Deutschland
 (Geschirr- und Zierkeramik, Manufakturen, Steinzeug und Feinporzellan)

ENCLOSURE
1

Jahr	Beschäftigte +/- %	Produktion Tonnen +/- %	Gesamtumsatz		Inlandsabsatz		Export Tonnen +/- %		Export- quote %
			Tonnen	TEUR +/- %	Tonnen	TEUR +/- %	Tonnen	TEUR +/- %	
1975	23.831	101.986	100.149	436.428 +4,3%	62.563	277.338	37.586	159.073 +1,1%	22,7
1976	23.250	-2,4 110.831	8.7 107.628	602.159 +10,1	63.069	303.897	10,7 44.457	195.281 +1,0%	38,9
1977	23.337	0,3 109.446	-1,2 104.668	634.227 +6,4	61.673	337.094	9,8 42.795	197.134 +1,0	38,9
1978	23.581	1,0 104.869	-4,2 101.928	567.429 +6,2	59.943	356.857	5,9 41.985	210.672 +1,6	37,1
1979	23.772	0,9 102.775	-2,0 100.026	536.153 +5,1	57.290	362.641	1,6 42.738	203.512 +1,6	38,2
1980	24.230	1,9 104.445	1,6 102.071	662.416 +11,1	68.082	397.272	9,5 43.959	265.144 +13,5	40,0
1981	24.293	0,3 104.551	0,1 100.198	702.957 +6,1	65.985	417.521	6,1 44.231	285.436 +7,7	40,6
1982	23.786	-2,1 103.752	-0,8 99.418	708.768 +0,9	53.250	401.886	-3,7 48.168	308.862 +7,5	43,3
1983	22.638	-4,0 101.709	-2,0 98.647	704.938 +0,5	54.137	419.495	4,4 42.510	235.441 +7,0	40,5
1984	22.156	-3,0 101.732	0,0 98.299	730.265 +3,8	52.598	415.690	-0,9 45.700	314.374 +10,1	43,0
1985	22.338	0,8 100.631	-1,2 97.320	765.930 +3,5	51.212	418.632	0,7 46.103	337.298 +7,3	44,8
1986	22.006	-1,5 100.402	-0,1 95.704	756.494 +0,1	51.270	421.851	0,8 44.434	334.643 +0,8	44,2
1987	21.421	-2,7 99.040	-1,4 94.980	762.071 +0,6	52.359	430.677	3,6 42.601	315.384 +5,8	41,9
1988	21.091	-1,5 100.484	1,5 97.459	772.222 +2,7	51.892	445.882	2,1 45.568	328.359 +3,5	42,3
1989	21.237	0,7 100.550	0,4 97.418	607.641 +4,6	51.448	461.253	3,5 45.970	340.568 +6,2	42,9
1990	21.684	2,1 101.790	0,9 97.131	885.086 +7,1	54.372	517.265 +12,1	42.758	347.831 +0,4	40,2
1991	31.048	43,2 110.007	8,1 104.453	985.771 +14,0	68.771	607.223 +17,4	44.682	378.548 +8,8	38,4
1992	26.681	-14,1 95.323	-13,3 95.816	950.381 +3,6	66.031	600.570 +1,1	39.786	349.811 -7,0	36,8
1993	22.890	-14,1 85.918	-9,9 87.845	873.161 +8,1	53.147	574.073 +4,4	34.698	299.088 -14,5	34,3
1994	19.531	-14,7 77.230	-10,1 79.289	798.559 +8,5	49.789	535.252 +6,8	28.510	283.337 -12,0	33,0
1995	19.514	-0,1 76.293	1,4 78.548	798.634 +0,0	47.664	523.380 +2,2	28.584	276.264 +4,6	34,5
1996	17.702	-9,3 71.157	-9,1 72.287	746.351 +6,5	44.587	463.347 +7,6	27.680	263.004 +4,5	35,2
1997	16.301	-7,9 71.186	0,0 71.016	736.725 +1,3	42.078	457.102 +5,9	28.837	279.522 +6,3	38,0
1998	15.315	-6,0 68.367	-6,7 65.923	723.631 +1,8	38.098	439.724 +3,8	28.625	284.107 +1,6	39,3
1999	14.802	-3,3 62.888	-5,2 65.330	702.059 +3,0	37.544	411.288 +6,5	27.786	280.771 +2,3	41,4
2000	13.207	-10,2 61.740	-1,6 63.644	688.122 +2,0	37.424	390.673 +5,0	26.220	297.449 +2,3	43,2
2001	12.275	-7,7 53.904	-12,7 54.963	637.451 +7,4	30.317	348.989 +10,7	24.846	288.462 +3,0	45,3
2002	11.732	-4,4 50.669	-6,0 51.867	599.171 +8,0	27.203	312.253 +10,5	24.704	286.918 +0,5	47,9

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Trade Statistics (Imports)

EUR27 / all Partners (including EU Member States)

For commodity 6911 in Year 2002 - 2010

6900000000 CERAMIC PRODUCTS

	Import from China to EU			Total Import to EU Intra + Extra				Germany-Italy-Poland-Portugal-UK		
	Import Value (1000 EURO)	Import Qty (1000 kg)	€ / KG	Import Value (1000 EURO)	Import Qty (1000 kg)	€ / KG	Comments	Export Value (1000 EURO)	Export Qty (1000 kg)	€ / KG
2002	91.559,49	75.223,00	1,22	894.206,31	298.977,00	2,99		685.106,40	123.658,20	5,54
2003	105.036,70	104.177,90	1,01	912.076,33	347.408,60	2,63				
	136.759,65	131.473,50								
							NEW EU MEMBERS starting with 1.5.2004: Estland, Lettland, Litauen, Polen, Tschechien, Slowakei, Ungarn, Slowenien, Malta und Zypern			
2004		1,04		977.296,05	415.933,60					
	389.007,50	362.956,20					- cancellation of Import Quota			
2005		1,07		1.135.905,50	625.930,40	1,81		579.442,48	104.107,10	5,57
2006	387.783,41	340.353,70	1,14	1.069.152,02	532.706,10	2,01				
	370.071,73	282.553,80					NEW EU MEMBERS starting with 1.1.2007: Romania, Bulgaria			
2007		1,31		1.078.851,55	559.853,90					
2008	446.746,30	348.902,00	1,28	1.175.539,85	616.815,60	1,91				
2009	370.071,73	282.553,80	1,31	975.029,62	449.823,00	2,17				
2010	477.574,72	326.528,70	1,46	1.108.238,37	494.133,10	2,24		519.905,13	94.581,40	5,50

Total Export external EU and Internal EU - Development			
Italy 2002	72.340,92	19.646,80	3,68
Italy 2005	54.265,32	15.575,50	3,48
Italy 2010	58.125,32	11.982,60	4,85
Portugal 2002	36.247,35	9.908,30	3,66
Portugal 2005	39.514,15	11.373,90	3,47
Portugal 2010	36.582,50	9.517,70	3,84
Germany 2002	333.672,70	41.795,90	7,98
Germany 2005	292.157,94	37.713,90	7,75
Germany 2010	287.458,34	42.807,80	6,72
Poland 2002	81.837,46	31.171,40	2,63
Poland 2005	75.679,92	29.682,80	2,55
Poland 2010	47.346,77	17.584,80	2,69
UK 2002	161.007,97	21.135,80	7,62
UK 2005	117.825,15	9.761,00	12,07
UK 2010	90.392,20	12.688,50	7,12

SOURCE:

http://exporthelp/europa.eu/thdapp/index_en.html

22.03.2012

Trade Statistics (Imports)

EUR27 / all Partners (including EU Member States)

For commodity 6911 in Year 2010

6900000000 CERAMIC PRODUCTS

Indicators	Import Value (1000 EURO)	Import Qty (1000 kg)	€ / KG
Reporters	EUR27	EUR27	
Years	2010	2010	
Partners			
Afghanistan	0,09	0	
Algeria	9,17	12,7	0,72
Argentina	59,72	19,1	3,13
Australia	121,58	27,3	4,45
Azerbaijan	0,02	0	
Bahrain	1,2	0,5	2,40
Bangladesh	11427,02	3531,5	3,24
Barbados	1,88	0,1	18,80
Belarus	1,39	0,5	2,78
Bolivia	0,7	0,1	7,00
Bosnia and Herzegovin.	8,71	5,1	1,71
Botswana	0,23	0,2	1,15
Brazil	424,93	179,2	2,37
Cambodia	1,14	0	
Cameroon	0,2	0	
Canada	700,84	56,5	12,40
Cayman Islands	9,91	0,2	49,55
Chile	3,3	2,9	1,14
China ,People's Republ	477574,72	326528,7	1,46
Colombia	148,97	51,4	2,90
Congo ,Democratic Rep	0,28	0,1	2,80
Costa Rica	0,12	0	
Croatia	3200,8	950,4	3,37
Cuba	1,16	0	
Egypt	2535,8	1138,3	2,23
Ethiopia	0,31	0	
Fiji	0,1	0	
For.JRep.Mac	0,23	0,1	2,30
Guatemala	0,08	0	
Haiti	0,8	0	
Honduras	0,14	0	
Hong Kong	2896,9	1902,5	1,52
Iceland	0,39	0	
India	4483,77	1602,4	2,80
Indonesia	18832,25	3795,7	4,96
Iran ,Islamic Republic o	171,33	84,6	2,03
Israel	43,25	11,8	3,67
Jamaica	0,85	0,1	8,50
Japan	3306,87	285,3	11,59
Jordan	1,34	0,2	6,70
Kazakhstan	1,14	0,3	3,80
Kenya	11,21	1,3	8,62
Korea ,Republic of	3237,33	483	6,70
Kuwait	2,18	0,7	3,11
Lebanon	27,3	5,2	5,25
Liechtenstein	13,57	0,4	33,93
Macao	0,19	0	
Malaysia	2266,52	392,3	5,78
Mauritius	3	0	
Mexico	65,88	12,4	5,31
Moldova ,Republic of	0,27	0	
Montenegro	5,68	0,7	8,11
Morocco	198,83	50,5	3,94
Namibia	2,07	0,1	20,70
Nepal	12,4	4,2	2,95
New Zealand	7,7	1,8	4,28
Nigeria	0,22	0	
Norway	4885,59	509	9,60
Oman	0,09	0,1	0,90

Pakistan	20,57	8,7	2,36
Paraguay	0,13	0	
Philippines	9,23	1,6	5,77
Qatar	176,4	5,6	31,50
Russian Federation	412,26	28,8	14,31
San Marino	17,49	2,9	6,03
Saudi Arabia	20,23	1,4	14,45
Serbia	12,63	6,7	1,89
Sierra Leone	0,01	0	
Singapore	74,24	21,2	3,50
South Africa	541,61	137,2	3,95
Sri Lanka	4714,18	1301	3,62
Sudan	0,28	0	
Switzerland	3183,4	448,3	7,10
Syrian Arab Republic	1,66	0,2	8,30
Taiwan	2152,18	506,9	4,25
Tajikistan	0,98	0,2	4,90
Thailand	17077,21	3905,1	4,37
Tunisia	5703,27	1324,5	4,31
Turkey	34092,72	16104,2	2,12
Ukraine	8,55	4,1	2,09
United Arab Emirates	9007,65	2818	3,20
United States	4605,73	932,7	4,94
United States Minor Outlying Islands	0,21	0	
Uzbekistan	1,02	0	
Venezuela	16,44	15,8	1,04
Vietnam	970,71	367,8	2,64
Zambia	1,81	0,4	4,53
Countries and territories	758,17	127	5,97
Countries and territories	38,19	3,8	10,05
Total EXTRA-EUR27	620332,82	369723,6	1,68
Member States			
Austria	10713,56	2640,6	4,06
Belgium	30553,74	12216,2	2,50
Bulgaria	86,35	35,1	2,46
Cyprus	48,24	10,7	4,51
Czech Republic	25863,12	6662	3,88
Denmark	10294,27	1210,5	8,50
Estonia	672,15	128,1	5,25
Finland	6740,18	679,5	9,92
France	38001,16	6200,5	6,13
Germany	150531,14	28229,5	5,33
Greece	1177,37	274,1	4,30
Hungary	10787,17	2362,7	4,57
Ireland	1120,46	164,5	6,81
Italy	29146,09	5953,6	4,90
Latvia	445	179,8	2,47
Lithuania	777,92	397,4	1,96
Luxembourg	16285,78	2828,1	5,76
Malta	0,64	0	
Netherlands	40166,4	16766,8	2,40
Poland	30017,51	11938	2,51
Portugal	22459,13	6879,5	3,26
Romania	10276,45	6069,2	1,69
Slovakia	2707,91	2133,3	1,27
Slovenia	584	126,5	4,62
Spain	12408,1	3630,5	3,42
Sweden	5216,68	1314,1	3,97
United Kingdom	30783,07	5368,7	5,73
Countries and territories	41,96	6	6,99
Total INTRA-EUR27	487905,55	124405,5	3,92
Total	1108238,37	494129,1	
China ,People's Republic	477574,72	326528,7	
Part of the market	43,09	66,08	
Romania	10276,45	6069,2	
Part of the market	0,93	1,23	

Wirtschaft

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Home **Wirtschaft** Rosenthal: Ottmar C. Küsel - Das Ende nach 18 Jahren **MBA-Vergleich**

Rosenthal: Ottmar C. Küsel

02.07.2009, 19:29

Das Ende nach 18 Jahren

Von Uwe Ritzer

ANZEIGE

Viel Porzellan zerbrochen: Beim insolventen Porzellanhersteller Rosenthal scheinen die Tage von Vorstandschef Ottmar C. Küsel gezählt zu sein.

Twittern

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Nur noch wenige, letzte Details seien zu klären, dann dürfte die Übernahme der Rosenthal AG durch den italienischen Besteck- und Geschirrhersteller Sambonet unter Dach und Fach sein. Die endgültige Einigung sei nur noch eine Sache von Tagen, heißt es in Kreisen, die in die Verhandlungen eingebunden sind.



Wohl nicht mehr lange im Amt: Der Abgang des langjährigen Rosenthal-Vorstandsvorsitzenden Ottmar C. Küsel scheint beschlossen zu sein. (© Foto: dpa)

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Von dort sickerte auch durch, dass es für den bisherigen Chefmanager des Porzellanherstellers keine Zukunft mehr gibt. Nach Informationen der Süddeutschen Zeitung ist der Abgang des langjährigen Rosenthal-Vorstandsvorsitzenden Ottmar C. Küsel beschlossene Sache.

Der Retter mit dem jugendlichen Charme

Dabei sah es lange so aus, als könnte sich der seit 18 Jahren amtierende Küsel halten. Als das ehemalige

Tochterunternehmen des irisch-englischen Waterford-Wedgwood-Konzerns Anfang Januar Insolvenz anmeldete, gerierte sich der 57-jährige Manager mit dem betont jugendlichen Aufreten in der Öffentlichkeit noch als großer Retter.

Bei einer Pressekonferenz legte Küsel damals einen ebenso bizarren wie großspurigen Auftritt hin. Er selbst habe nichts falsch gemacht und werde nun schnell dafür sorgen, dass Rosenthal an einen neuen Eigentümer verkauft und weitergeführt werde, sagte er.

Dabei vermittelte der Vorstandschef den Eindruck, die Insolvenz sei nur ein kleiner, letztlich jedoch völlig unbedeutender Unfall in der glorreichen Firmengeschichte. Ganz so, als wäre Rosenthal nicht unter seiner langjährigen Führung an die Wand gefahren.

Schuldenberg trotz Restrukturierungen

In den 18 Jahren von Küsels Amtszeit jagte eine Restrukturierung die andere, Hunderte Arbeitsplätze wurden abgebaut, ohne dass der durchgreifende Umschwung gelang. Stattdessen häufte das Traditionssubunternehmen 132,3 Millionen Euro Schulden an.

Wenn alles weitergegangen wäre wie bisher, würde Rosenthal monatlich gut eine Million Euro Verlust machen, notierte Insolvenzverwalter Volker Böhm Ende März in einem vertraulichen Bericht an das zuständige Gericht in Hof. Für all das trägt Küsel sicher nicht die Hauptverantwortung, aber ein gerüttelt Maß davon.

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Lange schien es, als könnte Küsel sich trotzdem an der Spitze halten. Insolvenzverwalter Böhm schien vorbehaltlos zu Küsel zu stehen. Der mischte während der vorläufigen Insolvenz noch eifrig mit. Bei der Eröffnung des eigentlichen Insolvenzverfahrens hieß es dann jedoch, er stünde Böhm nur noch "beratend" zur Seite.

Frühstücksdirektor mit Vorstandsgehalt

Das gilt nach wie vor. Nach Aussagen aus Firmenkreisen ist Küsel inzwischen jedoch kaum noch mehr als ein Frühstücksdirektor, wenn auch bestens bezahlt mit Vorstandsgehalt. Er sei in letzter Zeit immer seltener anwesend, heißt es am Rosenthal-Sitz im oberfränkischen Selb.

Insolvenzverwalter Böhm habe das Unternehmen fest in Griff. Spekulationen, wonach Küsel Investoren suche, mit denen er Rosenthal in Eigenregie übernehmen wolle, bewahrheiteten sich nicht. Auch Sambonet scheint nun auf Küsels Dienste verzichten zu wollen. Dabei war er es, der die Italiener bereits lange vor dem Insolvenzantrag ins Spiel brachte.

Bildstrecke zum Thema



Hertie, Schiesser & Co.
Abschied von alten Bekannten

Die Informationen, wonach sein Abgang nun bevorsteht, ließ er unkommentiert. Es nehme dazu nicht Stellung, heißt es bei Rosenthal. Auch ein Sprecher von Insolvenzverwalter Böhm wollte die SZ-Informationen weder bestätigen noch dementieren.

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